## Package 'vennplot'

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Title Venn Diagrams in 2D and 3D
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Description Calculate and plot Venn diagrams in 2D and 3D.
License GPL (>= 3)
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## Description

Data on human encounters with great white sharks.

## Usage

sharks

## Format

A dataset with 65 rows and 11 columns.
Year Years encounter sharks
Sex Sex of victims
Age Age of victims
Time Encounter sharks in AM or PM
Australia Encounter in Australia
USA Encounter in the United States
Surfing Surfing incident
Scuba Scuba-diving incident
Fatality Whether or not there was a fatality
Injury Whether or not there was an injury
Length The length of great white sharks

## Source

http://sharkattackinfo.com/shark_attack_news_sas.html. Data collected by Professor PierreJerome Bergeron, University of Ottawa.

## Examples

```
vennplot(disjoint.combinations = sharks, vars = c("Au","USA","Fa","Ti"))
```


## Description

Draw Venn and Euler diagram in 2D or 3D

## Usage

```
vennplot(disjoint.combinations = NULL, vars = NULL, Delta = 0.1,
    ThreeD = FALSE, lambda = NULL, stressWay = c("sum", "combine"),
    delta = 0.01, weight = NULL, expand = NULL, twoWayGenerate = FALSE,
    scaleSearch = c("NelderMead", "lineSearch", "goldenSectionSearch", "BFGS",
    "CG", "L-BFGS-B", "SANN", "Brent"), twoWaySearch = c("lineSearch",
    "NelderMead", "goldenSectionSearch", "BFGS", "CG", "L-BFGS-B", "SANN",
    "Brent"), scaleSeachTolerance = list(value = 1e-05, proportional = FALSE),
    distanceTolerance = list(value = 1e-05, proportional = FALSE),
    lossTolerance = list(ToleranceofLoss = 1e-10, maximumStep = 10, ALPHA =
    0.01, ToleranceofStepsize = 1e-05, proportional = FALSE),
    stressBound = 0.001, maximumStep = 50, planeSize = 50, lower = -Inf,
    upper = Inf, control = list(), hessian = FALSE, mar = rep(1, 4),
    cols = NULL, alpha = 0.3, smooth = FALSE, ...)
```


## Arguments

disjoint.combinations
Named numeric vector or data.frame where each column should be factor. See

Details. $\quad$| Extract specific variables of data.frame as disjoint. combinations. If vars = |
| :--- |
| vars |
| NULL, all the information of data.frame will be extracted. |

twoWayGenerate Boolean factor, if false, any missing intersections are set as zero.
scaleSearch Provide multiple methods to optimize scale lambda. The default method is "NelderMead". See Details.
twoWaySearch If two way intersections are missing, multiple methods are available to generate two way intersections. The default method is "lineSearch". See Details.
scaleSeachTolerance
A list with tolerance value and boolean factor " proportional". The loop of NelderMead and lineSearch in scaleSearch will end when the difference or proportional difference matches the tolerance value.
distanceTolerance
A list with tolerance value and boolean factor " proportional". The Newton method of finding distance will end when the difference or proportional difference matches the tolerance value.
lossTolerance A list with ToleranceofLoss, maximumStep, ALPHA, ToleranceofStepsize and boolean factor "proportional". If ALPHA is null, the step size will be searched through Newton method and it will stop when step reaches the maximum step or the difference matches ToleranceofStepsize; else step size will be fixed with ALPHA. The loss will end when the difference or proportional difference or the total loss value matches the "ToleranceofLoss".
stressBound The loop of method NelderMead will stop when stress is beyond the stressBound.
maximumStep The maximum searching step for method NelderMead and Newton method of calculating distance.
planeSize The plane size of calculating disjoint intersections numerically.
lower The lower bound of the interval to be searched for the "goldenSectionSearch" and "L-BFGS-B". See Details.
upper The upper bound of the interval to be searched for the "goldenSectionSearch" and "Brent". See Details.
control A list of control parameters. See Details
hessian Logical. A numerically differentiated Hessian matrix be returned or not. See Details.
mar Plot margins.
cols Color of balls. If NULL, rainbow color will be set.
alpha Color darkness.
smooth For 3D plot, if true, the balls will be much more smoother. However, based on the high resolution, if the number of balls is too much, when rotating, the new window stumbles.
Any further graphical parameters to be passed to the plot function.

## Details

1. One way sets must be given in disjoint.combination. e.g.disjoint.combination $=\mathrm{c}($ $B=2, A B=0.5)$ is not allowed. disjoint. combination $=c(A=0, B=2, A B=0.5)$ works. 2. Except "NelderMead" and "lineSearch", "goldenSectionSearch" in scaleSearch and twoWaySearch is based on optimize and the rest methods are based on optim. 3. lower, upper, control and hessian share the same parameters with optim, and lower, upper can also be used in optimize

## Value

An object of the class vennplot with following components:
xy centres of the balls (columns are ( $x, y$ ) or ( $x, y, z$ ) coordinates).
radius radii of the balls.
loss total loss of vennplot.
stress stress value for solution.

## Author(s)

Zehao Xu and Wayne Oldford

## Examples

```
# 3D Venn plot with arbitray sets
disjoint.combinations = c(A=80, B=50,C=100, D = 100,E = 100,
    "A&C"=30, "A&D"= 30,"B&E" = 30, "A&E" = 40, h = 40, "B&h" = 10)
ve = vennplot(disjoint.combinations, ThreeD = TRUE)
# data frame
vennplot(disjoint.combinations = sharks, vars = c("Au","USA","Fa","Sex"),
    scaleSearch = "lineSearch", expand = 1.1)
```


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